

SAFETY DATA SHEET



PELGRASSOL CP

ZSCHIMMER & SCHWARZ

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : PELGRASSOL CP
UFI : UFN0-N01R-100X-8MRQ
EC number : Mixture.
CAS number : Not applicable.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Manufacture Formulation or re-packing Leather treatment chemical. Processing aid

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Zschimmer & Schwarz GmbH & Co KG
Max-Schwarz-Str. 3-5
56112 Lahnstein / GERMANY
+49 (0)2621 12-0

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : msds@zschimmer-schwarz.com

Bauer Handels GmbH



Vertrieb Schweiz: Bauer Handels GmbH Allmendstrasse 17 CH-8320 Fehraltorf Tel. +41 (0) 44 939 18 68	Vertrieb Deutschland & EU: Bauer Handels GmbH Freibühlstrasse 6 DE-78224 Singen Tel.+49 (0) 7731 926 44 16
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www.taxidermy.ch info@taxidermy.ch

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : +49 (0)2621 12-0
Hours of operation : 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Eye Dam. 1, H318
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber. Wear eye or face protection.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazardous ingredients** : Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated
Alcohols, C12-15, branched and linear, ethoxylated
- Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.
- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	REACH #: 01-2119484627-25 EC: 265-157-1 CAS: 64742-54-7 Index: 649-467-00-8	≥10 - ≤25	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts 2,2' -oxybisethanol	EC: 500-314-2 CAS: 125301-92-0 REACH #: 01-2119457857-21 EC: 203-872-2 CAS: 111-46-6 Index: 603-140-00-6	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [1] [2]
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	≤10	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	REACH #: Polymer EC: CAS: 68439-50-9	≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Alcohols, C12-15, branched and linear, ethoxylated	REACH #: Polymer EC: CAS: 106232-83-1	≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated dodecan-1-ol	REACH #: Polymer CAS: 78330-20-8 REACH #: 01-2119485976-15 EC: 203-982-0 CAS: 112-53-8	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
tetradecanol	REACH #: 01-2119485910-33 EC: 204-000-3 CAS: 112-72-1	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
decan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119485910-33 EC: 204-000-3 CAS: 112-72-1 REACH #: 01-2119480407-35 EC: 203-956-9 CAS: 112-30-1	<1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
		≤0.1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
sulfur oxides
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2,2'-oxybisethanol	<p>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2021). TWA: 44 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 176 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 8/2020). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 44 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 176 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</p>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2021). TWA: 67 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 100.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 15 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 8/2020). TWA: 67 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 100.5 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 15 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</p>
decan-1-ol	<p>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 8/2020). PEAK: 66 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 10 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 66 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2021). PEAK: 10 ppm 15 minutes. PEAK: 66 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 66 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</p>

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.7 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.6 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
2,2' -oxybisethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.74 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	44 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	60 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	DNEL	Long term Dermal	43 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	21 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	67.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	67.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	101.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	40.5 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	40.5 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	60.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
dodecan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	313 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	155 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
tetradecanol	DNEL	Long term Dermal	89 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	44.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	44.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
tetradecanol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	313 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	178 mg/m ³	Workers	Local

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Long term Dermal	89 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	44.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	44.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic 2,2'-oxybisethanol	Secondary Poisoning	9.33 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Sewage Treatment Plant	199.5 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	20.9 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	2.09 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	1.53 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Fresh water	1.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.11 mg/l	Assessment Factors
dodecan-1-ol	Sewage Treatment Plant	200 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	4.4 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.44 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	0.32 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Secondary Poisoning	56 mg/kg	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water	0.001 mg/l	Assessment Factors
tetradecanol	Marine water	0.0001 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	0.666 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.0666 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	0.132 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Fresh water	0.001 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.0001 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	2.14 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.214 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	0.428 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Yellow. [Light]
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : <-5°C
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : 100°C (212°F)
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: Not applicable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : 8.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 10%]
- Viscosity** : Dynamic: 150 mPa·s
- Solubility(ies)** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.
- Solubility in water** : Not available.
- Miscible with water** : Yes.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Vapor pressure** : 2.3 kPa (17.25 mm Hg)
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Density** : 0.966 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
- Vapor density** : Not available.
- Explosive properties** : Not available.
- Oxidizing properties** : No.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts 2,2'-oxybisethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>13300 mg/kg	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	16500 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>29 ppm	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male	2764 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	7291 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	300 to 2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	300 to 2000 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C12-15, branched and linear, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated dodecan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	>71 mg/l	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
tetradecanol	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	8000 mg/kg	-
	NOAEL Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male,	>1.5 mg/l	1 hours

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	NOAEL Oral	Female Rat - Male, Female	≥2000 mg/kg	-
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Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PELGRASSOL CP	2801.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,2' -oxybisethanol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	7291	2764	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohols, C12-15, branched and linear, ethoxylated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
tetradecanol	N/A	8000	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.17	-	-
	Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.11	-	-
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
2,2' -oxybisethanol	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII)	Rabbit	0.04	-	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	<1	-	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	1.78	-	-
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	<1.5	-	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Alcohols, C12-15, branched and linear, ethoxylated	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	<1.5	-	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	<1.5	-	-
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
dodecan-1-ol	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	1.43	-	-
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
tetradecanol	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Human	0	-	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	1	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
2,2' -oxybisethanol	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
dodecan-1-ol	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
tetradecanol	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	
	OECD 473 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	
	OECD 476 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	
	OECD 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	
	2,2' -oxybisethanol	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
		OECD 473 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
OECD 479 Genetic Toxicology: <i>In vitro</i> Sister Chromatid Exchange Assay in Mammalian Cells		Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	
OECD 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test		Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol		OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
		OECD 473 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	OECD 476 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	
	OECD 475 Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	
	dodecan-1-ol	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
		OECD 473 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
OECD 476 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test		Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	
OECD 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test		Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	
tetradecanol		OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
		OECD 473 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	OECD 476 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	
	OECD 474 Mammalian	Experiment: In vivo	Negative	

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
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Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic 2,2' -oxybisethanol	Negative - Dermal - TCLo	Mouse - Female	-	78 weeks
	Negative - Oral - TDLo	Rat - Male, Female	1210 mg/kg	108 weeks
dodecan-1-ol	Negative - Intraperitoneal - TCLo	Mouse - Male, Female	500 mg/kg	8 weeks; 3 days per week
	Negative - Dermal - TCLo	Mouse - Female	300 mg/kg	440 days; 3 days per week

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic 2,2' -oxybisethanol	Negative	Negative	Negative	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 1000 mg/ kg	39 days; 7 days per week
	-	Negative	-	Mouse - Male, Female	Oral: 3060 mg/ kg	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	-	Negative	-	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 1000 mg/ kg	-
dodecan-1-ol	Negative	Negative	Negative	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 2000 mg/ kg	54 days; 7 days per week
tetradecanol	Negative	Negative	Negative	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 2000 mg/ kg	54 days; 7 days per week

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic 2,2' -oxybisethanol	Negative - Dermal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	19 days; 7 days per week
	Negative - Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1120 mg/kg	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Negative - Oral	Rabbit - Female	1000 mg/kg	-
	Negative - Dermal	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg	-
dodecan-1-ol	Negative - Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	10 days; 7 days per week
tetradecanol	Negative - Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	10 days; 7 days per week

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain
 watering
 redness
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain or irritation
 redness
 blistering may occur
Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat - Male	125 mg/kg	13 weeks; 5 days per week
	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	1000 mg/kg	4 weeks; 3 days per week
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	≥2000 mg/kg	13 weeks; 5 days per week
	Chronic NOAEL Dermal	Mouse - Male	≥150 mg/kg	24 months; 2 days per week
	Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	>980 mg/m ³	4 weeks; 6 hours per day
2,2'-oxybisethanol	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	936 mg/kg	28 days
	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	230 mg/kg	225 days
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Sub-acute LD50 Dermal	Dog - Male	>2000 mg/kg	28 days
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	250 mg/kg	90 days; 7 days per week
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	90 days; 6 hours per day
dodecan-1-ol	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male, Female	14 ppm	90 days; 6 hours per day
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	3548 mg/kg	90 days; 7 days per week

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tetradecanol	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	1000 mg/kg	13 weeks; 5 days per week
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	3548 mg/kg	90 days; 7 days per week
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	1000 mg/kg	13 weeks; 5 days per week

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Micro-organism - Tetrahymena pyriformis	40 hours
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 10 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC ≥1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	14 days
2,2' -oxybisethanol	Acute EC10 1 to 10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	24 hours
	Acute EC50 >1995 mg/l Fresh water	Micro-organism	30 minutes
	Acute LC50 75200 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	Acute NOEC >100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic LC50 >1500 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia peninsulæ	28 days
	Chronic NOEC 8590 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	7 days
Alcohols, C12-15, branched and linear, ethoxylated	Acute EC10 >1995 mg/l Fresh water	Micro-organism	30 minutes
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated	Acute LC50 1300 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
Alcohols, C12-15, branched and linear, ethoxylated	Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 to 1 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	-
	Acute EC50 >1 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated	Acute EC50 >1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 to 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	-
Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated	Acute EC50 10 to 100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 10 to 100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated	Acute LC50 10 to 100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 10 to 100 mg/l		

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dodecan-1-ol	Acute EC50 0.66 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.765 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.01 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute NOEC >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Micro-organism - Pseudomonas putida	0.5 hours
tetradecanol	Chronic EC10 0.013 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Acute EC50 >10 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Micro-organism - Pseudomonas putida	30 minutes
	Chronic EC10 0.0063 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC >0.14 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
PELGRASSOL CP	OECD 302B Inherent Biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/ EMPA Test	100 % - 3 days	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	30 % - 28 days	-	-
2,2' -oxybisethanol	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test	80 % - 28 days	-	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	85 % - 28 days	-	-
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	>60 % - 10 days	-	-
Alcohols, C12-15, branched and linear, ethoxylated	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	>60 % - 14 days	-	-
Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated dodecan-1-ol	- OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	>60 % - 28 days 87 % - 28 days	- -	- -
tetradecanol	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution	82 % - 28 days	-	-

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

	Test			
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Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
PELGRASSOL CP	-	-	Readily
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	-	-	Inherent
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	-	-	Readily
2,2'-oxybisethanol	-	50%; 0.72 day(s)	Readily
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	-	50%; < 28 day(s)	Readily
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	-	-	Readily
Alcohols, C12-15, branched and linear, ethoxylated	-	-	Readily
Alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated	-	-	Readily
dodecan-1-ol	Fresh water 2.1 days, 12°C	-	Readily
tetradecanol	Fresh water 2.1 days, 12°C	-	Readily

BOD value: : 0.67 gO2/g (Period:5 days)

COD value: : 7.95 gO2/g

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
2,2'-oxybisethanol	-1.98	100	low
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	low
dodecan-1-ol	5.4	57	low
tetradecanol	5.5	190 to 1000	high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
2,2' -oxybisethanol	DFG MAC-values list	Diethylene glycol; 2,2'-Dihydroxyethyl ether	Listed	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	DFG MAC-values list	Butyldiglycol; Butoxydiglycol	Listed	-
decan-1-ol	DFG MAC-values list	Decyl alcohol	Listed	-

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 12

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is not controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Hazard class for water : 2

Technical instruction on air quality control : TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 48.9%
TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.3%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group

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SECTION 16: Other information

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

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Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.